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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/900,400	07/05/2001	Bin Yu	F0541	5115	
7	590 03/06/2003				
Paul R. Steffes, Esq. Renner, Otto, Boisselle & Sklar, LLP 19th Floor 1621 Euclid Avenue			EXAMINER		
			ROSE, KIESHA L		
	2822				
	DATE MAILED: 03/06/2003				

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

·				- /			
		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		09/900,400	YU ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Kiesha L. Rose	2822				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address				
THE   - Exte after   - If the   - If NC   - Failu   - Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. a period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed /s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication (C) (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ı.			
1)[	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 J	lanuary 2003 .					
2a)⊠	_ <del>_</del>	is action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowa			s			
Dispositi	closed in accordance with the practice under a ion of Claims	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	153 O.G. 213.				
•	Claim(s) is/are pending in the application	on.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw						
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8 and 17</u> is/are rejected.						
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
	on Papers	·					
9) 🗌 .	The specification is objected to by the Examiner	·.					
10) 🔲 -	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)□ accep	ted or b)□ objected to by the Exa	miner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the		· ·				
11) 🔲 -	The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a)  approved b)  disappro	oved by the Examiner.				
🗆 -	If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	•					
	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer.					
	ınder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	)-(d) or (f).				
a)[	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents						
* S	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bur see the attached detailed Office action for a list of	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	•				
14) 🗌 A	cknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e	e) (to a provisional application	on).			
	The translation of the foreign language prov						
15)∐ Attachment	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	C priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120	and/or 121.				
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413) Paper No(s)				
2) 🔲 Notice	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	5) Notice of Informal F	Patent Application (PTO-152)				
3) Inform	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	6)					

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

This Office Action is in response to the amendment filed 20 January 2003.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-8 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kim (U.S. Patent 6,159,778) in view of Eimori (U.S. Patent 5,245,208).

Kim discloses a SOI (Fig. 1) that contains a semiconductor substrate (20), an insulator layer (18) disposed on the substrate, a semiconductor active layer (10) disposed on insulator layer, the active layer includes a source (26a), a drain (26b) and a body disposed therebetween, the source and body forming an abrupt or hyperabrupt source/body junction, a gate (22) disposed on the body such that the gate, source and drain are operatively arranged to form a transistor and an implanted region (24a) forming an interface between the body and the drain resulting in a graded drain/body junction and being less abrupt than the source/body junction. In regards to the implanted region formed by tilted atom implantation with an angle of 0 to 20 degrees, a "product by process" claim is directed to the product per se, no matter how actually made, In re Hirao and Sato et al., 190 USPQ 15 at 17 (CCPA 1976) (footnote 3). See

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also In re Brown and Saffer, 173 USPQ 685 (CCPA 1972): In re Luck and Gainer, 177 USPQ 523 (CCPA 1973); In re Fessmann, 180 USPQ 324 (CCPA 1974); and In re Marosi et al., 218 USPQ 289 (CAFC 1983) final product per se which must be determined in a "product by, all of" claim, and not the patentability of the process, and that an old or obvious product, whether claimed in "product by process" claims or not. Note that Applicant has the burden of proof in such cases, as the above caselaw makes clear. Even though product - by [-] process claims are limited by and defined by the process, determination of patentability is based upon the product itself. The patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. If the product in product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product is made by a different process." In re Thorpe, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985)(citations omitted)." Kim discloses all of the limitations except for the implanted region to be germanium. Whereas Eimori discloses a semiconductor device (Fig. 9) that contains an active region that contains a source and drain region (6) and a germanium implanted drain region (8b) disposed partially in the body region below a portion of the gate adjacent the drain and partially in the drain thereby extending laterally across at least a portion of the drain/body junction. Germanium is doped in the implanted region for inhibition of hot carriers. (Column 2, lines 21-25) Since Kim and Eimori are both from the same field of endeavor, semiconductor devices, the purpose disclosed by Eimori would have been recognized in the pertinent art of Kim. Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the SOI of Kim by

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incorporating a germanium implanted region for the inhibition of hot carriers as taught by Eimori. In regards to claims 4-6 of the germanium having a certain dopant concentration, dose and energy levels, it is noted that the specification contains no disclosure of either the critical nature of the claimed concentrations or any unexpected results arising there from. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have the germanium with a certain dopant concentration, energy levels or atom dose, since it has been held that "In such an situation, the applicant must show that the particular range is critical, generally by showing that the claimed range achieves unexpected results relative to the prior art range." In re Woodruff, 919 F.2d 1575, 16 USPQ2d 1934 (Fed. Cir. 1990) See MPEP § 2144.05.

# Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 20 January 2002 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicants argue that the Kim and Eimori reference do not disclose the source/body region to have an abrupt or hyperabrupt junction or the drain/body region to have a graded junction, well as can be seen in Fig. 1 of the Kim reference the source region (24/26a) have an abrupt junction with the body region by extending further in the body region and the drain region has a graded junction and less abrupt junction with the body since it does not extend as far out at the source region. Therefore the rejection stands.

#### Conclusion

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THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kiesha L. Rose whose telephone number is 703-605-4212. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30-6:00 off 1st Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Amir Zarabian can be reached on 703-308-4905. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-308-7722 for regular communications and 703-308-7722 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0956.

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KLR'

March 4, 2003

AMIR ZARABIAN
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800

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